

Department of Basic Sciences — Philadelphia University

**Exam 2**

**Discrete Structures**

**10–05–2017**

Part I. (8 questions, 1 point each) Circle one answer.

- Let  $|A| = 7$ . Count how many subsets of  $A$  with at least 2 elements.
 

(A) 120                      (B) 247                      (C) 502                      (D) 1013
- Count how many non-negative solutions in  $A + B + C + D = 13$  with integers  $A \geq 4$  and  $B \geq 5$ .
 

(A) 10                      (B) 20                      (C) 35                      (D) 56
- Find the function  $S(n)$  which gives the sequence 3, 4, 5, 3, 4, 5, 3, 4, 5, ...
 

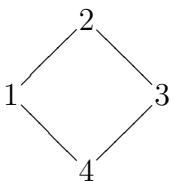
(A)  $S(n) = 2 + n \bmod 2$                       (B)  $S(n) = 3 + n \bmod 2$   
 (C)  $S(n) = 2 + n \bmod 3$                       (D)  $S(n) = 3 + n \bmod 3$
- Let  $S(n) = 2S(n-1) + S(n-2)^2$  with  $S(0) = 1$  and  $S(1) = 1$ . Find  $S(4)$ .
 

(A) 14                      (B) 23                      (C) 32                      (D) 40
- Find the matrix corresponding to the relation  $R = \{(x, y) \mid \lfloor \frac{x}{2} \rfloor = \lfloor \frac{y}{2} \rfloor\}$ .
 

(A)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$                       (B)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$                       (C)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$                       (D)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- If  $R = \{(1, 2), (2, 4), (3, 1), (4, 2)\}$  and  $S = \{(1, 3), (2, 1), (3, 4), (4, 2)\}$ , find  $R \circ S$ .
 

(A)  $\{(1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (4, 1)\}$                       (B)  $\{(1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 2), (4, 4)\}$   
 (C)  $\{(1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 2), (4, 1)\}$                       (D)  $\{(1, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (4, 4)\}$
- Determine true or false for the relation  $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 1), (3, 4)\}$ :
 

(A) symmetric (T) transitive (T)                      (B) symmetric (T) transitive (F)  
 (C) symmetric (F) transitive (T)                      (D) symmetric (F) transitive (F)

8. Change the Hasse diagram  to matrix.

(A) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(B) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(C) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(D) 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Part II. (3 questions, 4 points each) Write complete solution.

9. From 1 to 600, count how many integers are multiples of 16 or 20 or 28.  
 10. Find the formula for the function  $S(n)$  given by the recurrence relation:

$$\begin{cases} S(n) = 2S(n-1) + 35S(n-2) \\ S(0) = 3 \\ S(1) = 7 \end{cases}$$

11. Given the relation matrix  $R$ , find the matrix for the transitive closure  $\overline{R}$ .

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

–Amin Witno